THE RINGMORE YEW



Picture by Mike Wynne-Powell

Passers-by on their way to the beach at Challaborough were justifiably mystified by what appeared to be Pagan activity in the churchyard of All Hallows on Wednesday 10 August.

Over forty villagers and visitors had gathered for the ritual measuring of the ancient yew which, in the words of Alfred, Lord Tennyson, graspest at the stones that name the under-lying dead'. How long has this tree been grasping our gravestones?

That's what members of the Ringmore Historical Society were trying to discover by measuring its girth in accordance with guide lines set by the Ancient Yew Group.

Is it still growing? Not half! The girth of its massive trunk has increased by seven centimetres since last measured five years ago to the day. Dare I say that some of those who attended appeared to have put on a similar increase?

Wine, nibbles and a view to the distant Eddystone lighthouse were enjoyed by all on a blustery but

In 2006, after the first measuring of the yew, the Historical Society came up with an age of `at least 520 years', so let's assume that in 1490 John Welywrought, Rector of Ringmore at the time, planted the tree during the reign of Henry VII.

This year, Lily-Rose of Windwood Farm and three young lads from Germany were among those encouraged to apply nourishing compost to the area surrounding the tree. So who knows what the measurement will be in 2016 after another five years expansion of its girth?

James Stevenson

The askide for the Sept. 2011 Nowslotter

THE ALL HALLOWS YEW

The first measuring of the splendid English Yew in the All Hallows churchyard took place in 2006. It was a glorious summer day, and ninety-eight people came to the event. The measurements were sent to the Tree Register and our handsome tree was recognized as being over five hundred years old and was accorded the rank of an Ancient Yew. Since 2006 the categories assigned to very old trees have been refined and there are now three sections: Ancient, Veteran, and Notable, and our tree is now listed on the Ancient Yew Group website as 'Notable'. If you would like to see three pictures of it, taken in 2006, go to www.ancient-yew.org and click on the Gazetteer tab. Then proceed to p.145.

Old Yews are not easy to measure accurately. They grow very slowly and many of the very ancient trees - those over a thousand years and more - have had long periods of non-growth and then started to grow again. A difficulty in measuring the All Hallows specimen is that it grows from a steeply sloping bank (possibly the boundary bank of the early churchyard) and forks into separate limbs only a short distance from the ground. We follow the measuring instructions very carefully and our estimates of age are cautious. We then send them to the AYG for vetting and confirmation.

We will announce an estimated age for the Yew as soon as we have calculated it after measuring. When the results have been seen by the AYG the official result will be published in the Newsletter.

The All Hallows Yew is a female tree. We know this because of the lovely red arils, or flower seeds, that cover it in the autumn. Do take the opportunity to look at the flourishing yew cutting taken after the 2006 Measuring celebration. It is on display at the refreshments table.



THE SOUTHERLY ASPECT OF THE YEW



LOOKING UPWARDS TO A COMPLICATED STRUCTURE OF MASSIVE LIMBS



NOTE THE MEASURING CORD ROUND THE UNFORKED PART OF THE TRUNK

RINGMORE HISTORICAL SOCIETY

10 AUGUST 2011

AUGUST 2006

BASED ON FORMUNG POBLISHED BY TABBUSH YNUME (1996) RESEARCH ON CHURCHYAR YEARS.

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Cingles History

2011

August

Tree Measuring Online Information Form from

The Tree Register

the second second second	A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR	eral Information	
Type of Tree:	ENGLISH YEW	Location	BURIAL GROUND, ALL HALLOW
Ownership	ALL HALLOWS	Full Address	RINGHORE
County/State	DEVON	Country	UK
ost Code/Zip Code	T97 4HJ	Grid Reference	
	Other is	nformation if known	
Planting Date		Planted By	
eed Collection No.		Seed Collector	
	The second secon	ASUREMENTS act all appropriate boxes	
leight measurement			Metres Feet
Togat mousurement			
Was the height estimated?			No 🗸
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Height the girth was recorded above ground level if less than 1.5m due to burns, swellings, branches or low fork*			Metres anth side Feet & Inches 90 cm sm/h side
s the girth measurement exc	aggerated by burrs/swellings/buttress	es etc?	No v not eignificently.
ree Growth Category*	on the Meanwine Tree name		A. [with some feather of diagram
Freeze see advisory notes	on the Measuring Tree page	CONDITION	2 and 3 in category B
	Please sele	ect all appropriate boxes	Samuel and the same of the sam
Seneral appearance			Good Single Stem . Headthy, but forks at
s the trunk up to 1.5m(5ft)?			24cm on North side
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Has it had any past management?			Nothing Obvious day deed by
s the tree of local or nationa	I historical interest?		Not Sure Local inferent
Is the tree a local landmark?			Not Sure 🗸
s the tree, in your opinion, "	remarkable" or unusual in anyway, sh	No . Its pretion in a bank make	
(If Yes please describe in comments below) Do you consider the tree to be a "veteran" as defined by English Nature? * Please see definitions below			No . Its pretion in a bank make to deficult to measure. Ote to Not Sure . appearance is hardsome,
the second second second		ional Information	
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Some of our we have bee	able to make in	en ones Wi	hope - industrictible.
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			Diane Collins
			C
	Any ether information of these to	interior or interesting ab-	ud the energines
	Any other information, either h	ben interesting abo	rus une speciment.

Please send additional Photographs or Sketches by Mail or Email to The Tree Register.

Please keep you graphic files small using jpg format

File sizes should be no more that 20-30 Kilobytes.

(approx. 7 cm growth in 5 years)

Sent to the Ancient you Group with our measuring results for 2011

COMMENTS

My measuring marks from 2006 did not survive at all well. Accordingly, before our Yew Day on 10 August we stripped some newly-grown ivy from the trunk and I made five consecutive girth measurings using some temporary marks made afresh by reference to photographs taken in 2006. None of the results of these five measurings proved to be smaller than the 2006 result of a 4.9m girth, so I then derived a medial measurement from them: 4.16m. This means we have an approximate girth increase of 7cm over the last five years. I believe this is a reasonable and credible result. I am confident that we were pretty close to the original marks.

We have now installed four indestructible benign markers (tiny wooden pegs) for future measurings. Of course, these are not in exactly the same places as the original 2006 marks, but we will take a new measurement soon and record the heights of marks and the girth size, and these results will then be the basis for comparison with a measuring in 2016, and any subsequent measurings.

The All Hallows yew appears to be strong and healthy, produces arils in abundance, and shows no signs of decay or decline, but it is truly tricky to measure because it grows from a steepish sloping bank and this means that the height of single trunk before forking is about 24cm on the tree's north-facing side and about 82-90cm on its south-facing side. I think the enclosed photographs will demonstrate the difficulties. It should be noted also that the graveyard is at the head of a cove that slopes down to the English Channel and which receives the steady onslaught of the SW gales. This has caused an eastward lean in the tree.

OTHER REMARKS

The grassy bank on which the tree grows is vestigial. I believe it once marked the boundary of the original graveyard and that it was partly smoothed out when the graveyard was extended (at an unknown date) leaving the area of bank where the tree grows more or less intact.

If the yew was planted in the bank of the original graveyard when the present church was built it would probably date from the 14th century. That would make it somewhat older than our measurements suggest, but if we also take into account the growth-inhibiting effects of the prevailing winds, then that older age would be quite likely. But I have no substantial evidence for this line of thought, beyond a small knowledge of churchyard traditions and the harsh weather and environment of our particular yew.

Di Collinson (dic.bellevue@virgin.net)

djc.bellevue@btinternet.com

THE ALL HALLOWS YEW

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RINGMORE HISTORICAL SOCIETY

SARAH HITCHTIOUGH	
ANDREW HITCHMOUGH	ardene Bernett
PAUL ARCHER	Auson Wymne-Powell
FIONA STUART - WILSON	
JULIET RIVA	Gill Tomein
JOHN-PAUL RIVA	James Stevenson
Sam Rung	Born Gld.
Evan flaines	Diané Collinson
Tim tares	Kuthleen Nason Smith
Judy Frence	Rebecca "
Michael Haires	Jessica ,
BillyRiva	Frank Wyung Willyans
JOHN BRYNEL COMEN	MERIRAN STARK
CHRISTIAE "	SUE FARRINGTON
Jane Baker	BRIAN STARK
1	MIKE WYNNE-POWELL
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	Inne-Powells) SAMANTHA FROST
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Capyright © Di Collinson - 2006

View Site Info

The largest of the three yews in this churchyard is considered to be several hundred years old. An evert organised by Ringmare Histarical Society was held on 9th August 2008 to celebrate the presence of this noble and interesting tree. 'Girth of the whole trunk was recorded as well as girth of the branches above the fork. The tree will be remeasured every 5 years and provide useful information on the grawth rate of a tree in an exposed studion.

notable Classification: Classification Codes: N

Girth cmc 409

Ourth films: 13'5' at 3'6"

Height measured: at 84cm

Source of earliest mention: Pers. Corres. Di Collinson

09/09/2006 Date of visit:

Earliest mention: 2008

Latest information

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Notes:

rotable

Classification:

Copyright & Di Collinson View Site Info

> Qirth ft ins: 13 5 at 3 6 Sex: formale

Height measured: at 84cm

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Latest information

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409 Qirth cm:

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female

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Latest information





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4.09



RINGMORE HISTORICAL SOCIETY

A FEW THINGS ABOUT YEW TREES.....

- The fine old yew tree in the All Hallows' graveyard is an English yew, taxus baccata, a species renowned for its longevity and its connexion with pagan and religious rites. It is native to Ireland but appears all over Europe, often in association with Druid practices
- The wood of yew reputedly outlives iron. A 250,000-year-old yew spear found at Clacton in Essex is the world's oldest known wooden artefact.
- The Fortingall Yew in Perthshire is said to be 9,000 years old, has a girth
 of 52 feet and stands close to a Bronze Age tumulus.
- Yew trees are dioecious, that is, they may be either male or female. The seeds are called anils. They are poisonous if chewed, though the pulp of the fruit is not poisonous.
- At least 500 churchyards in England and Wales contain yews that are as old as or older than their churchyards. At least 130 of these trees are estimated to pre-date Christianity.
- Many ancient yews are hollow, although still alive. Some have seats placed inside them. A few have hollows large enough for a coach and horses to be driven through them. Hollow yews frequently resume growth after many years of dormancy.
- The Irish yew, which also grows in All Hallows' churchyard, has branches that sweep evenly upwards to form a tidy bundle. Irish yews are often clipped and planted to form avenues.
- The clippings of yews, although poisonous to animals, are medicinally and commercially valuable because they yield taxol, an alkaloid that is effective in the treatment of ovarian cancer.
- Yews were often planted in boundary hedges. It is possible that the All Hallows' yew marks an earlier boundary of the churchyard. If we had evidence of an earlier boundary it would be helpful in dating our tree.
- A yew tree grows very slowly. The rate of increase in girth is approximately 1 foot in 30 years, but growth may be much slower in yews that are subject to continuous winds from the sea.
- In Shining Cliff Wood, Derbyshire, a hollow yew known as the Betty Kenny Tree was once home to a family. A bough was hewn out to form a child's cradle and this is said to have inspired the nursery rhyme 'Rock-a-bye-baby'.
- Yew branches often bend down as they grow and root themselves to form new trunks that then unite with the main trunk.
- Almost half the parish churches in England and Wales planted young yew trees at the 2000 millennium.
- A yew tree should be kept free from ivy. It benefits from a gently wateredin compost that includes ox-blood.
- After the famous yew in Gilbert White's garden at Selworthy was uprooted by a great gale in 1990, a beautiful lute was made, using the tree's dark and light woods in a striped pattern.
- The age of a yew tree may be calculated by measuring its girth just below the place where its trunk divides, or at about 4 feet above ground level. The girth measurement is then referred to a table that gives an approximate age for the tree. But it has to be remembered that this is not rocket science: climate and sea winds, the closeness of a particular yew's tree rings (they may vary from 10 to an inch in a young tree to 100 to an inch in a mature specimen) and the yew's habit of becoming dormant for years, are all factors that have to be considered in trying to estimate its age.
- · Ancient yew trees should be measured every five years.



The All Hallows Yew



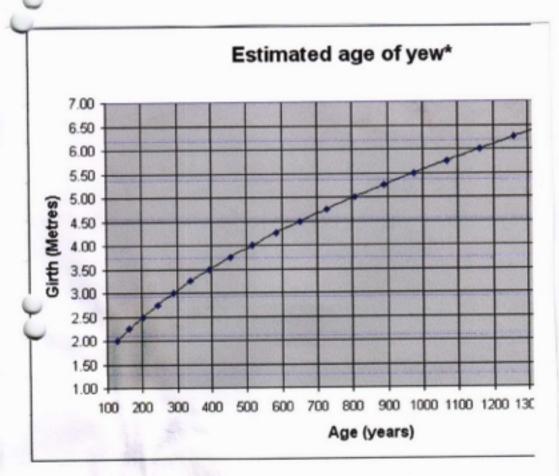
Millennium postage stamp: no 29



A place to sit . . .



Or to drive through . . .



* Age Estimate = based on formula published by Tabbush & White (1996) research on churchyard yews

The objective is to record the smallest girth between ground and 1.5m if you are to compare with other trees and to assess better its age if a single bole. Inevitably many ancient yews are best measured between 0.5m-1m above ground level but this is what you must find out first.

If the tree has an obvious waist below 1.5m this will be the place to measure first and even if not obvious it is always worth trying lower than 1.5m to confirm. When you have found the smallest girth you must also record the height above ground you recorded it i.e. 13ft 4in at 2ft 4in above ground. If you wish to record again at this point in the future it would be useful to make a sketch of the tree in relation to the churchyard indicating at which point you measured from ground level. A photograph of the tape in position will also prove helpful.

town little	SARAH HITCHTIOUGH	1 Matalie Heltini
	ANDREW HITCHMOUGH	ardene Bernett
	PAUL ARCHER	Auson Wymne-Powell
	FIONA STUART- WILSO	- 1
	JULIET RIVA	Gill Tomein
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	Evan Haines	Dione Collinson
	Tim Janes	Kuthleen Nason Smith
Laire	Judy Tens	Rebecca "
	Michae Haires	Jessica ,
	BillyRIVO	Frack Wying Williams
	JOHN BRUNEL COME	
	CURISTIME " "	SUE ZARRINGTON
	Jane Baker	
	RICHARD BAKER.	MIKE WYNNE-POWELL
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2011 August

Tree Measuring Online Information Form

from The Tree Register

General Information

Type of Tree:

ENGLISH YEW

Location

BURIAL GROUND, ALL HALLOWS

Ownership

ALL HALLOWS

Full Address

RINGHORE

County/State

DEVON

Country

UK

Post Code/Zip Code

TQ7 4HT

Grid Reference

Other information if known

MEASUREMENTS

Planting Date

Planted Ru

Seed Collection No.

Seed Collector

Please select all appropriate boxes

Height measurement - no means of calenda Tung

Metres

Was the height estimated?

Metres 4 . 16 Circumference/Girth measurement of trunk at 1.5m (5ft) above ground level on the highest

Feet & Inches

side of any slope*

Height the girth was recorded above ground level if less than 1.5m due to burrs, swellings, branches or low fork*

neth Side Feet & Inches

is the girth measurement exaggerated by burrs/swellings/buttresses etc?

is the tree, in your opinion, "remarkable" or unusual in anyway, shape or form?

Do you consider the tree to be a "veteran" as defined by English Nature?

Tree Growth Category*

lease see advisory notes on the Measuring Tree page CONDITION

I not significantly. No [with some features 2 and 3 in catego

Please select all appropriate boxes

General appearance

is the trunk up to 1.5m(5ft)?

is the tree growing on ground which is?

Good Single Stem | -

Excellent

No

Healthy, but forks at 24cm on North side and 90 cm on South side. Tricky

Does the tree lean?

Can you see dead branches?

Has it suffered from storm damage?

Has it had any past management?

Is the tree of local or national historical interest?

(If Yes please describe in comments below)

is the tree a local landmark?

None or Very Little No Obvious Damage VERY PEW

Nothing Obvious

of a few dead links

Not Sure - - Local inferret

Not Sure V

No I to prairie in a bank makes it defined to manue. Ore notal

Not Sure . appearance in

YES!

Additional Information

Comments

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Diare Collinson

Any other information, either historical or interesting about the specime

a small cutting (c. 2 1") 2006 well in a pot.

Please send additional Photographs or Sketches by Mail or Email to The Tree Register.

Please keep you graphic files small using .jpg format

File sizes should be no more that 20- 30 Kilobytes.

(August 2006 girth: 4.09 metres

http://www.treeregister.org/measuringform.php

15/07/2011

Adran Bull Diane Colhison Muchal Black-Malt Kent Liston ARako -Jennifer Hunt John Bracey Amedogra I hill Erect -Meries Hunt Jen Deverson Lily-Rose " git + Morter Herson Dernid Bolevillen Natalie Hilton Fred Dan like her -Mike Deduna Fobbio Males Aton M' Gotty The Roll of Carty Temes Stevenson Nort Boto me Weven son_ Wyatt Stephens Murch Step Sheldon DaviD Jostie a Jackie Tagent Hiru Brockly



Crowds gathered for the tree-measuring ceremony, which mystified many a passer-by

'Pagan ceremony' creates much confusion

TRAVELLERS through Ringmore, on their way to the beach on Wed nesday, August 10, were mystified by what appeared to be Pagan activity taking place in All Hallows churchyard.

Over forty villagers and visitors had gathered for the ritual measuring of the massive English Yew tree which, in the words of Alfred, Lord Tennyson, graspest at the stones that name the underlying dead'.

But for how long has

this tree been grasping at the All Hallows gravestones?

That's what members of the Ringmore Historical Society were trying to discover by measuring the tree's girth in accordance with guide lines set by the Ancient Yew Group.

James Stevenson from the society said: Is it still growing? Not half!

The girth of its massive trunk, already known to be between four and five metres. has increased by seven

measured, five years ago to the day.

Dare I say that some of those who attended appeared to have put on a similar increase?

In 2006, after the first measuring of this venerable giant, the historical society came up with an age of 'at least 520 years'

So let's assume that around 1490 John Welywrought, rector of Ringmore at the time, planted the tree during the reign of Henry VII.

This year, Lily-Rose

centimetres since last of Windwood Farm, Ringmore, and three young men from Germany, were among those encouraged to apply nourishing compost to the area surrounding the tree.

The society are now looking forward to measuring the tree in 2016 to see how another five years will affect its growth.

